

Pendulum System Preventive Maintenance

⚡ ⚠ WARNING ⚠ ⚡

- Before attempting any maintenance on this equipment all involved personnel should follow plant internal regulations along with any state, federal, or province regulations.
- The maintenance inspection, checks, and procedures listed in the preventive maintenance tables are assumed with the gated area electrically locked out.
- Before attempting any maintenance or service operation, make sure that:
 - You do not begin any repair procedure until the proper shutdown procedures and the appropriate power lockout procedures have been applied.
 - The system is de-energized; main electrical switches are open.

ⓘ NOTICE ⓘ

The maintenance inspection, checks, and procedures listed in the preventive maintenance tables and corrective procedures should be performed when the equipment is immobilized and locked out.

This section contains preventive maintenance schedules with recommended lubrication intervals. Assemblies in this section include:

- Skid/Body Lock/Unlock
- Pendulum Inlet Table
- Pendulum Outlet Table
- Pendulum Chain
- Pendulum Drive Assembly
- Pendulum Take-Up
- Penduls

Daily Checks

Observe

- Obvious signs of damage to the equipment. Listen to the conveyors - an unusual sound like screeching, grinding, or whining, are indicators of a problem.
- Damage or noticeable wear on the carrying and guide rollers.
- Signs of oil leaks on the equipment or on the floor below any gearbox.

Evaluate

- If you notice any of the above issues, evaluate the cause and the risk involved.

Act

- Schedule or perform necessary maintenance repairs as appropriate.

Mechanical Preventive Maintenance - key

Preventive Maintenance tables consists of:

A

B

C

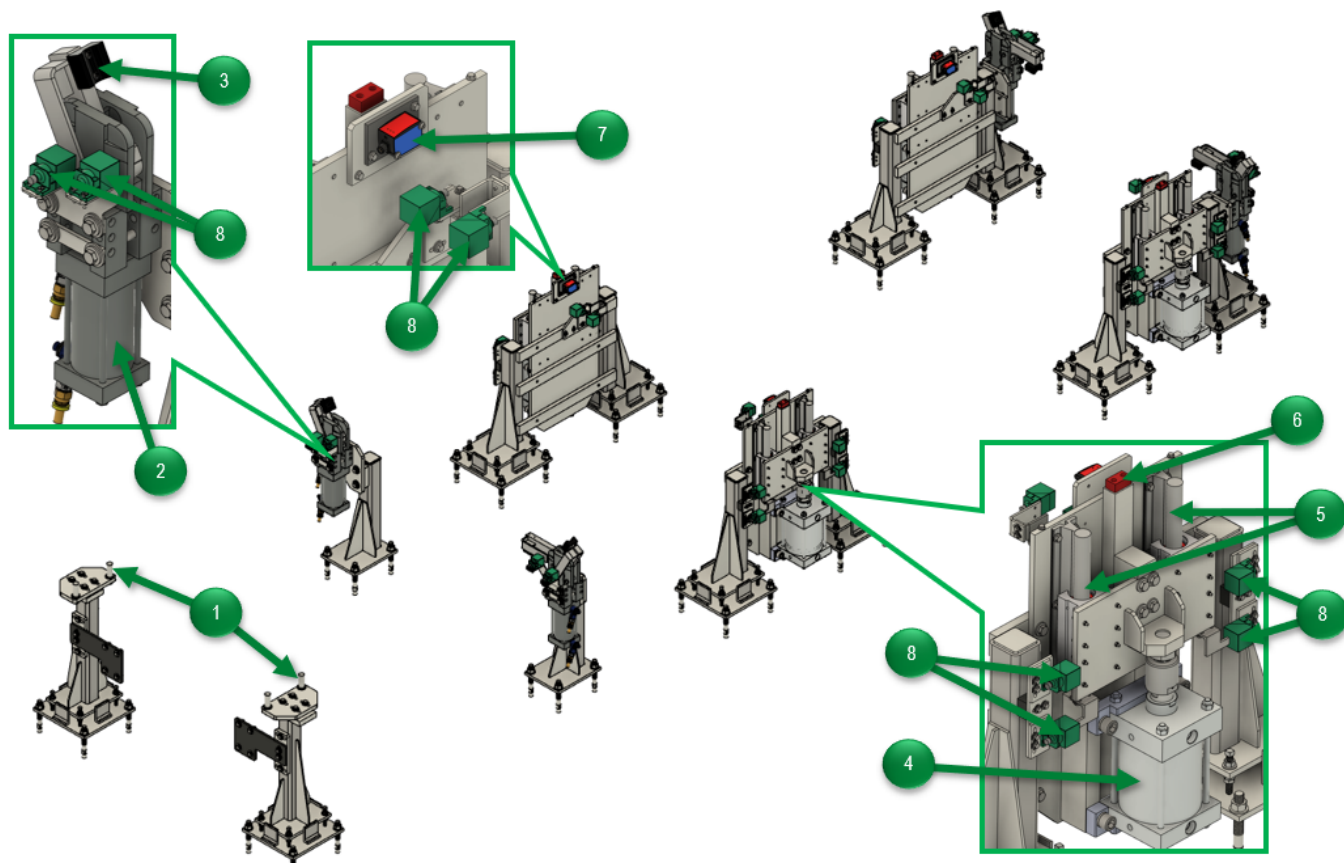
D

E

Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
1	Gearmotor	Inspection	- Visually inspect gear unit for oil leakage. Check for oil film or grease deposits – clean if necessary. - Check mounting hardware, check paint marks...	6 Months

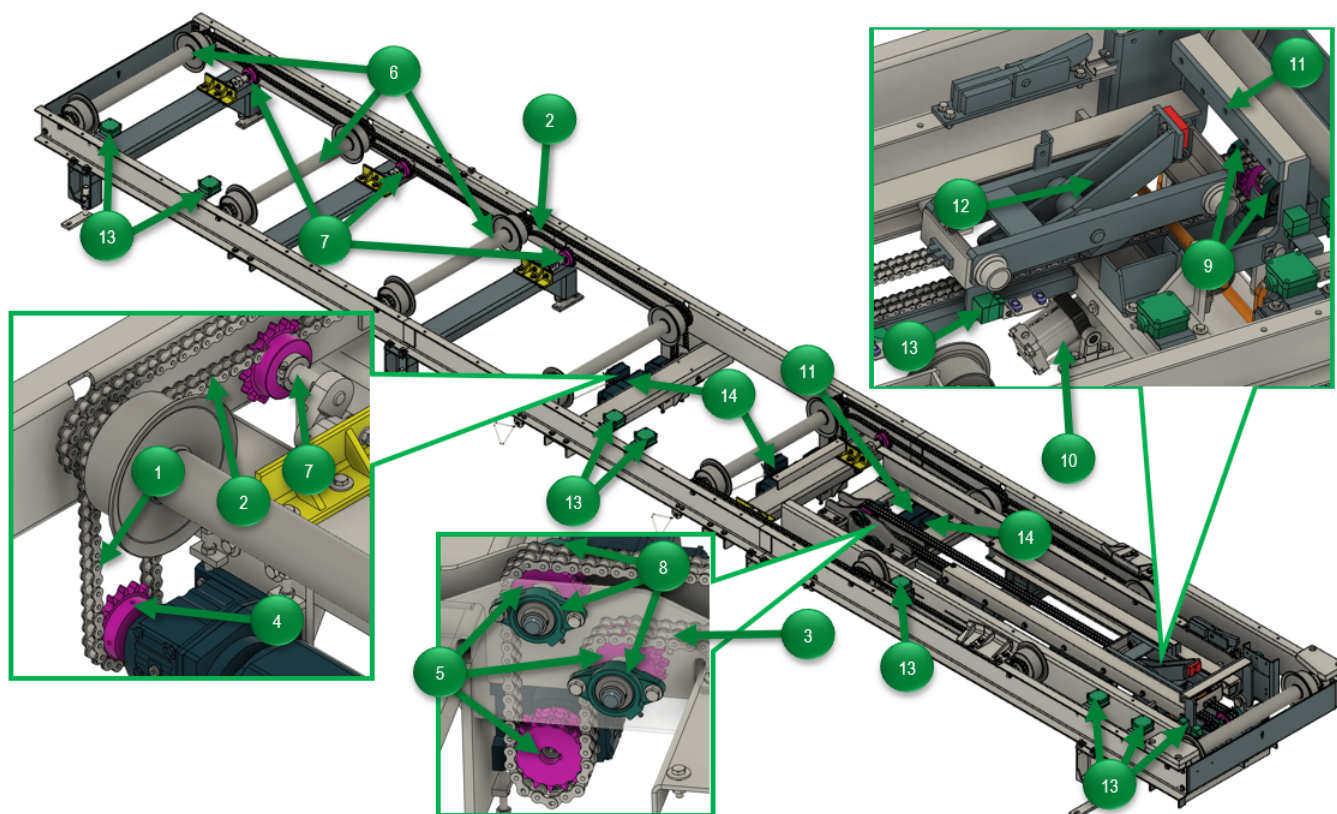
- A. Indicates the callout number associated on the schematic drawing, image or figure.
- B. Component name within the assembly.
- C. Required preventive maintenance operation - i.e., inspection or lubrication.
- D. Detailed description of the operation(s) to be performed.
- E. Recommended frequency of PM task.

Skid/Body Lock/Unlock Assembly Preventive Maintenance Items



Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
1	Lock Operator Pins	Inspection	Check for wear and/or damage. Repair or replace as necessary.	6 Months
2	Skid Clamp Air Cylinders	Inspection	Check cylinder fittings and hoses for leaks and/or damage.	
3	Skid Clamp	Inspection	Check for wear, damage, and proper operation. Repair or replace as necessary.	
4	Thumper Air Cylinders	Inspection	Check cylinder fittings and hoses for leaks and/or damage.	
5	Thumper Bearings	Inspection	Check for wear, damage, and/or proper operation. Replace if necessary.	
6	Thumper Pad	Inspection	Check pad for looseness, wear, or damage.	
7	Body Present Sensor	Inspection	Check for proper operation, and secure mounting and connection to cables.	
8	Proximity Cube	Inspection	Check for proper operation, and secure mounting and connection to cables.	

Inlet Power Roll Table Preventive Maintenance Items

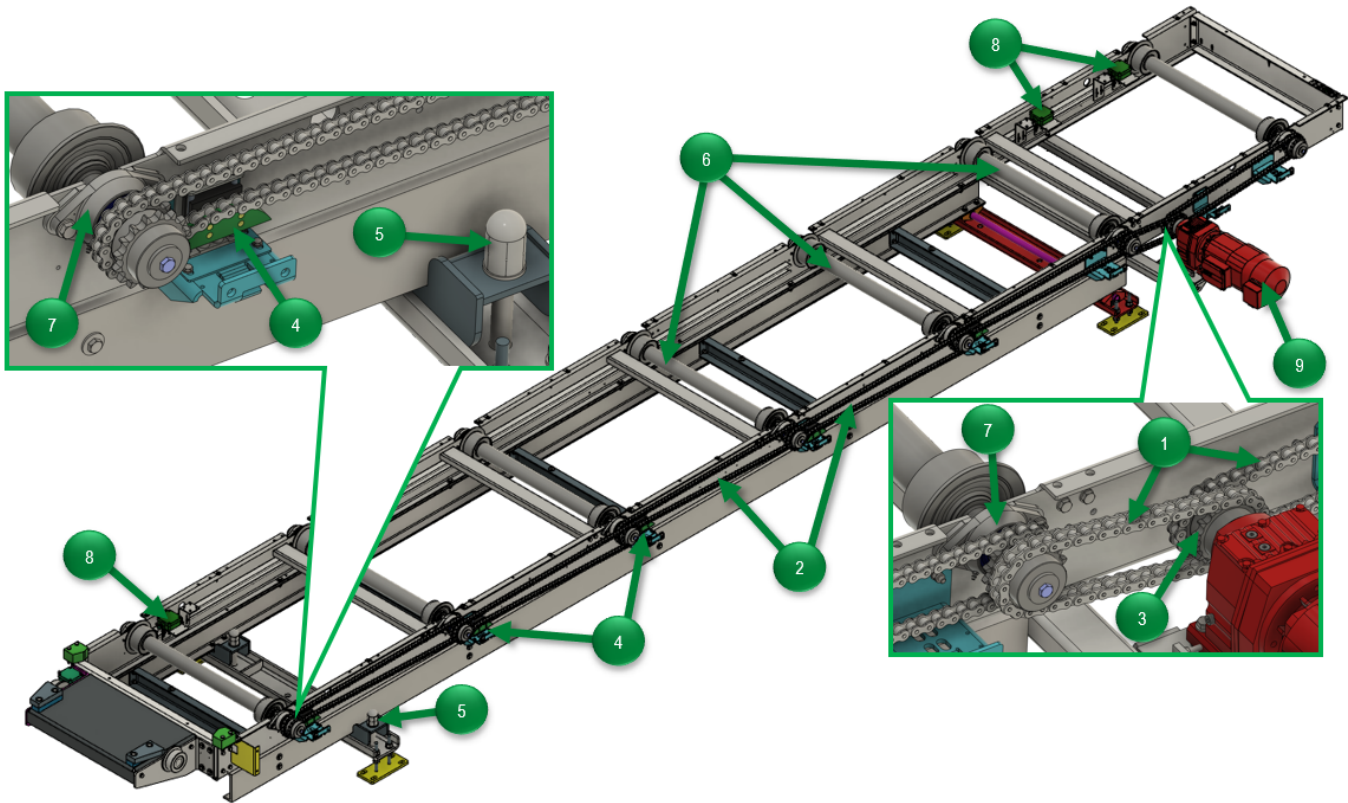


Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
1	Roller Drive Chain	Inspection	- Check for sufficient tension, if necessary, replace the chain. - Check for stretched links.	3 Months
2	Roller Driven Chain	Inspection	- Index the table. Check that chains run freely and without excessive noise - Check for stretched links.	
3	Pusher Chain	Inspection	- Check for sufficient tension, if necessary, replace the chain. - Check for stretched links.	
4	Roller Motor Drive Sprocket	Inspection	- Check secure mounting on drive shaft. - Check for proper alignment of teeth with chain. - Check for wear on teeth.	6 Months
5	Pusher Motor Sprockets	Inspection	- Check secure mounting on drive shaft. - Check for proper alignment of teeth with chain. - Check for wear on teeth.	

Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
6	Rollers	Inspection	- Check rollers for bearing clearance, damage, and wear. - Abrasion should not exceed 5 mm on diameter (minimum diameter is 120 mm), unevenness at the surface maximum 3 mm.	6 Months
7	Chain Tension Unit	Inspection	- Observe for smooth operation. - Check for proper alignment with other pulleys and for any broken cogs.	
8	Flange Bearings	Inspection	- Check mounting hardware for proper tightness. Look for paint mark alignment on hardware – retighten if necessary. - Check for housing damage. - Check for binding or sticking in the bearing housing. - Check alignment of the shaft between bearings.	
		Lubrication	- Grease directly with grease gun, or manifold if present. To apply grease, carefully pump grease into the zerk fitting. - Bearing is fully lubricated when you see grease squeeze out around shaft. Clean off all excess grease.	
9	Pillow Block Bearing	Inspection	- Check mounting hardware for proper tightness. Look for paint mark alignment on hardware – retighten if necessary. - Check for housing damage. - Check for binding or sticking in the bearing housing. - Check the alignment of the shaft between bearings.	
		Lubrication	- Use the hole in the center of the cap to relubricate spherical roller bearings via the lubrication groove in the outer ring. - If possible, rotate the shaft when applying grease for better grease distribution. - Make sure the bearing is sufficiently centered when relubricating.	
10	Air Cylinder	Inspection	Check cylinder fittings and hoses for leaks and/or damage.	
11	Skid Stop	Inspection	Check for wear, and/or damage. Replace as necessary.	

Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
12	Skid Pusher	Inspection	- Check that it is free-moving and without obstruction. - Inspect pusher bumper for excessive wear.	6 Months
13	Proximity Switches	Inspection	- Check for proper operation and secure mounting. - Check that cables are connected securely.	
14	Gearmotor	Inspection	- Use the oil sight glass or remove the oil level plug to check the level of oil. - Check that all electrical connections are secure. If loose, tighten. - Check the electrical connections for evidence of arcing. If evidence of arcing has occurred, replace the damaged connection.	
		Lubrication	Replace the oil in the gearbox after 3 years of use.	36 Months

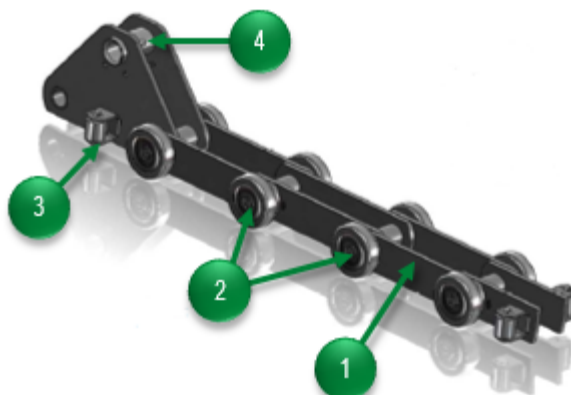
Outlet Power Roll Table Preventive Maintenance Items



Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
1	Roller Drive Chain	Inspection	- Check for sufficient tension, if necessary, replace the chain. - Check for stretched links.	3 Months
2	Roller Driven Chain	Inspection	- Index the table. Check that chains run freely and without excessive noise - Check for stretched links.	
3	Drive Sprocket	Inspection	- Check secure mounting on drive shaft. - Check for proper alignment of teeth with chain. - Check for wear on teeth.	
4	Chain Tensioning Unit	Inspection	- Observe for smooth operation. - Check for proper alignment with other pulleys and for any broken cogs.	6 Months
5	Transducer	Inspection	- Verify proper functionality. - Check spring for wear. - Replace as necessary.	

Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
6	Rollers	Inspection	- Check rollers for bearing clearance, damage, and wear. - Abrasion should not exceed 5 mm in diameter (minimum diameter is 120 mm), unevenness at the surface maximum of 3 mm.	
7	Flange Bearing	Inspection	- Check mounting hardware for proper tightness. Look for paint mark alignment on hardware – retighten if necessary. - Check for housing damage. - Check for binding or sticking in the bearing housing. - Check the alignment of the shaft between bearings.	
		Lubrication	Designed as “Lubed for Life” components	
8	Proximity Switches	Inspection	- Check for proper operation and secure mounting. - Check that cables are connected securely.	6 Months
9	Gearmotor	Inspection	- Use the oil sight glass or remove the oil level plug to check the level of oil. - Check that all electrical connections are secure. If loose, tighten. - Check the electrical connections for evidence of arcing. If evidence of arcing has occurred, replace the damaged connection.	
		Lubrication	Replace the oil in the gearbox after 3 years of use.	36 Months

Pendulum Chain Preventive Maintenance Items

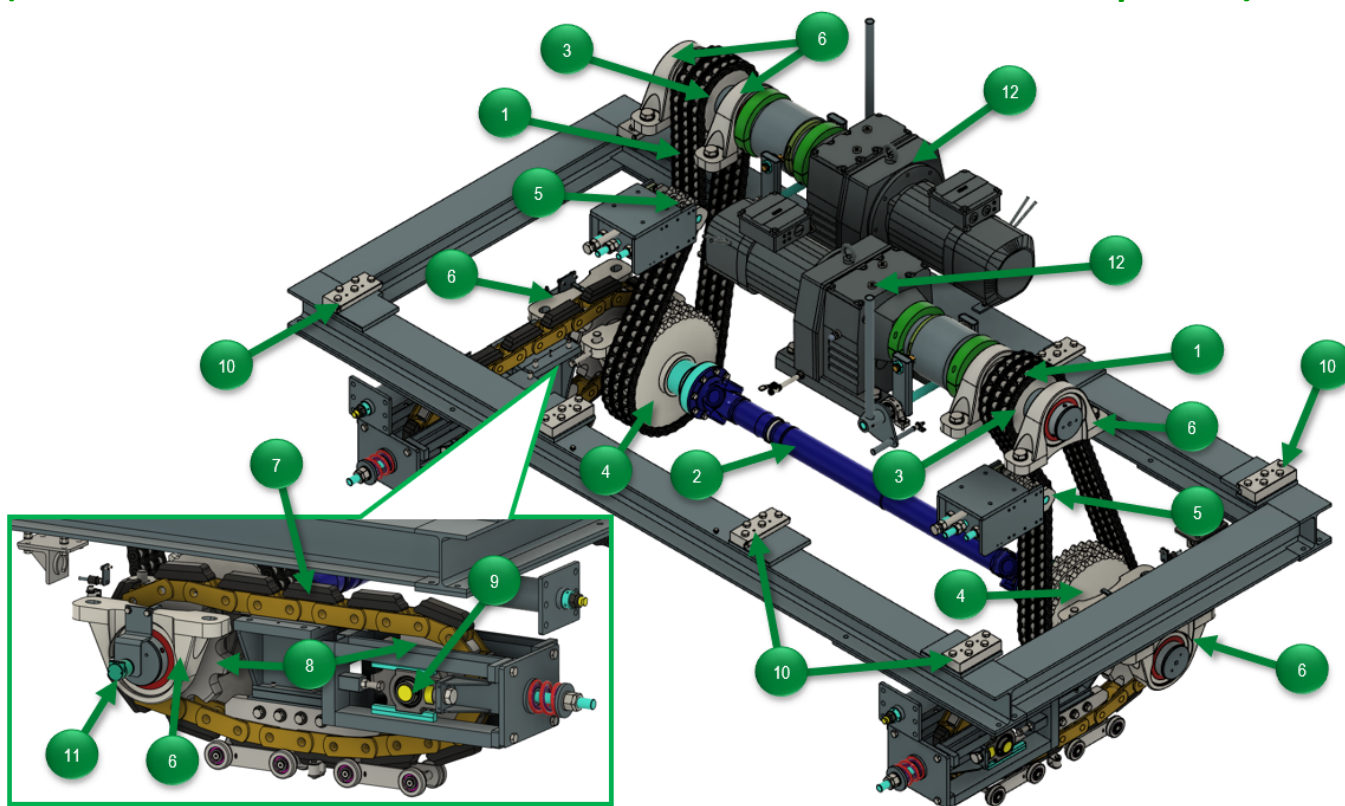


Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
1	Pendulum Chain	Inspection	- Inspect transmission chain pins, axles, and connections for wear. - Replace chain or components as necessary.	3 Month
2	Bearings	Inspection	- Inspect all the roller bearings for efficiency and noise. - Replace if noisy at the chain inspection station.	3 Months
3	Side Guide Rollers	Inspection	Check for wear and free rotation.	
4	Pendul Bushing Mount	Inspection	- Check the bushing mount for damage or wear. - Replace chain or components as necessary.	
		Lubrication	Grease directly with a grease gun. To apply grease, carefully pump grease into the zerk fitting.	
5	Auto-lubricator (Not shown)	Inspection	- Check containers to verify lubricant is present. - Check the proper function of lubrication. - Verify the proper amount of lubricant is dispensed.	

i NOTICE i

Please refer to the ZMC documentation — *Maintenance and Use Manual ZMC W497BL-CL* — for complete maintenance and service instructions for the conveyor chain. You will find this manual in the Appendix section of this manual.

Pendulum Drive System Preventive Maintenance Items (Pre-Treatment, Pre-Treatment Intermediate Drive & Electro Dip Drive)

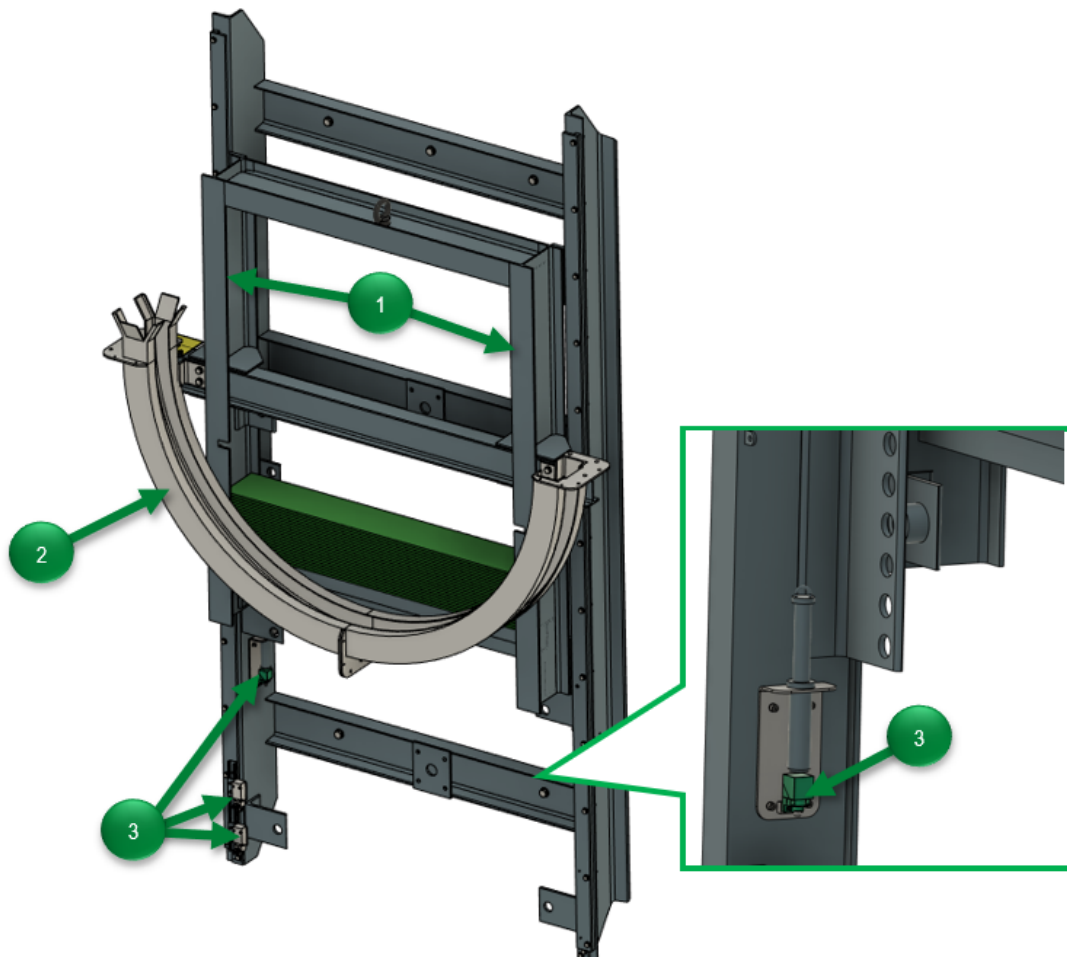


Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
1	Triple Chain Loop	Inspection	- Check for sufficient tension, if necessary, adjust the tension. - Check for stretched links. - Check that the chain is aligned with sprocket teeth.	3 Months
2	Cardan Shaft	Inspection	- Inspect all connections and make sure they are secure, check all paint marks. Retighten as necessary. - Inspect shaft and flanges for any cracks or damage, replace if damage is found.	
		Lubrication	- Use a grease gun to apply grease at available lubrication block, carefully pump grease into the zerk fitting. - Coupling is fully lubricated when you see grease leak from all four seals. Clean off all excess grease.	

Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
3	Triple Chain Drive Sprocket	Inspection	- Check the tooth side and depth for wear. - If abnormal wear present, examine sprockets for misalignments or cross-settings.	6 Months
4	Triple Chain Driven Sprocket	Inspection	- Check the tooth side and depth for wear. - If abnormal wear is present, examine sprockets for misalignments or cross-settings.	6 Months
5	Triple Chain Tensioner	Inspection	Check the spring for excessive wear. Replace as necessary.	
6	Pillow Block Bearings / Take-Up Bearings	Inspection	- Check mounting hardware for proper tightness. Look for paint mark alignment on hardware – retighten if necessary. - Check for housing damage. - Check for binding or sticking in the bearing housing. - Check the alignment of the shaft between bearings.	
		Lubrication	Use a grease gun to apply grease at available lubrication block.	
7	Caterpillar Chain	Inspection	- Inspect chain for abrasion or wear on the dogs. - Check dogs seat properly with pendulum chain. - Check for smooth and free movement of chain.	
8	Caterpillar Sprockets	Inspection	- Check the tooth side and depth for wear. - If abnormal wear is present, examine sprockets for misalignments or cross-settings.	
9	Caterpillar Chain Tensioner	Inspection	Check proper tension is present.	
10	Platform Slide Blocks (8)	Inspection	Check block for abrasion or wear.	
		Lubrication	Use a grease gun to apply grease at available lubrication block. To apply grease, carefully pump grease into the zerk fitting.	
11	Encoder	Inspection	Check encoder for secure mounting and successful operation.	

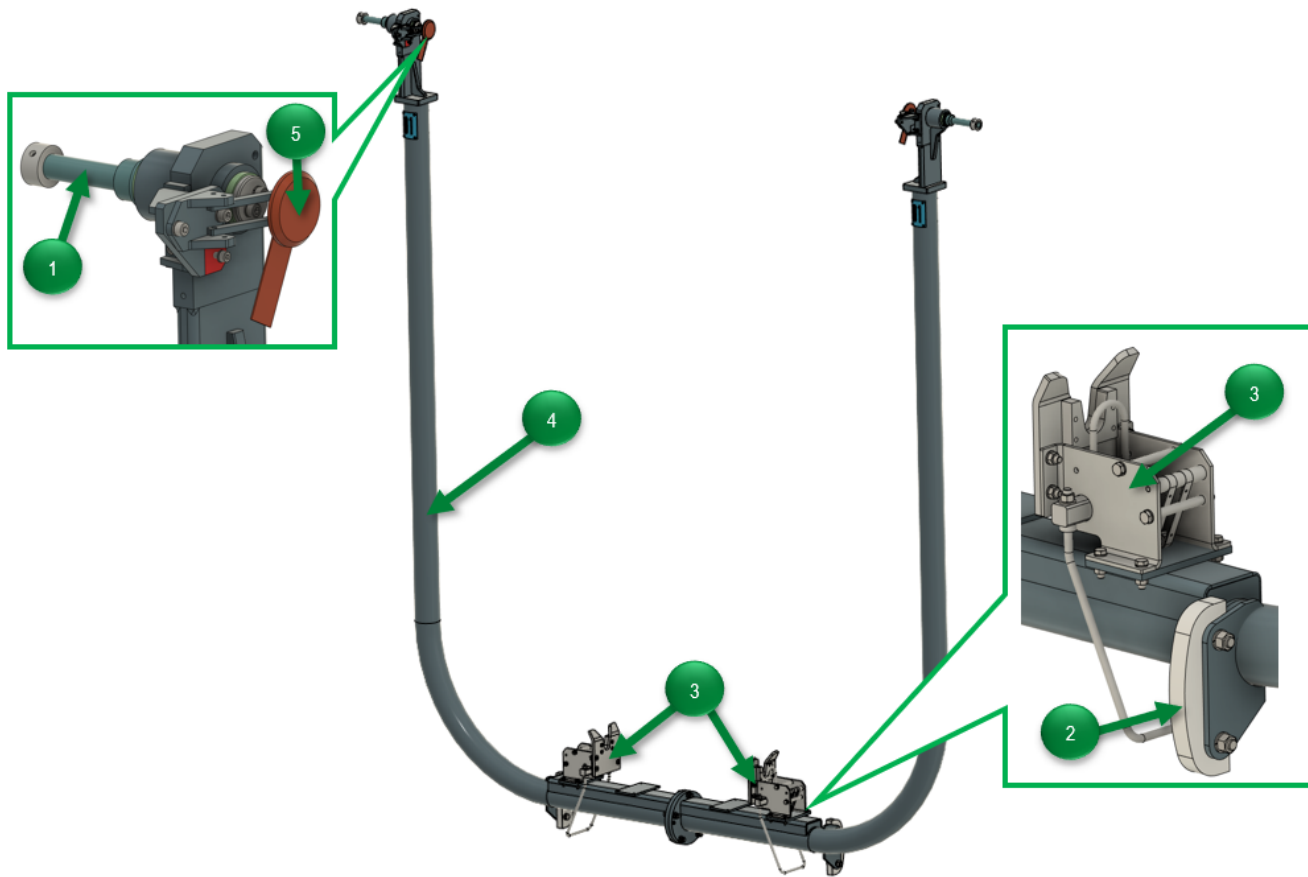
Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
12	Gearmotor	Inspection	• Use the oil sight glass or remove the oil level plug to check the level of oil. • Check that all electrical connections are secure. If loose, tighten. • Check the electrical connections for evidence of arcing. If evidence of arcing has occurred, replace the damaged connection.	6 Months
		Lubrication	• Replace the oil in the gearbox after 3 years of use.	36 Months

Pendulum Take-Up Preventive Maintenance Items



Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
1	Slide Guides	Inspection	- Inspect the guides are moving freely and there is no excessive wear. Replace as needed. - Listen for noise while running.	3 Months
2	Conveyor Chain Track	Inspection	Inspect the conveyor chain track. Be sure chain is moving freely around the curve.	
3	Sensors	Inspection	Inspect the sensors for secure mounting, proper position, and function. Do not move sensors.	12 Months

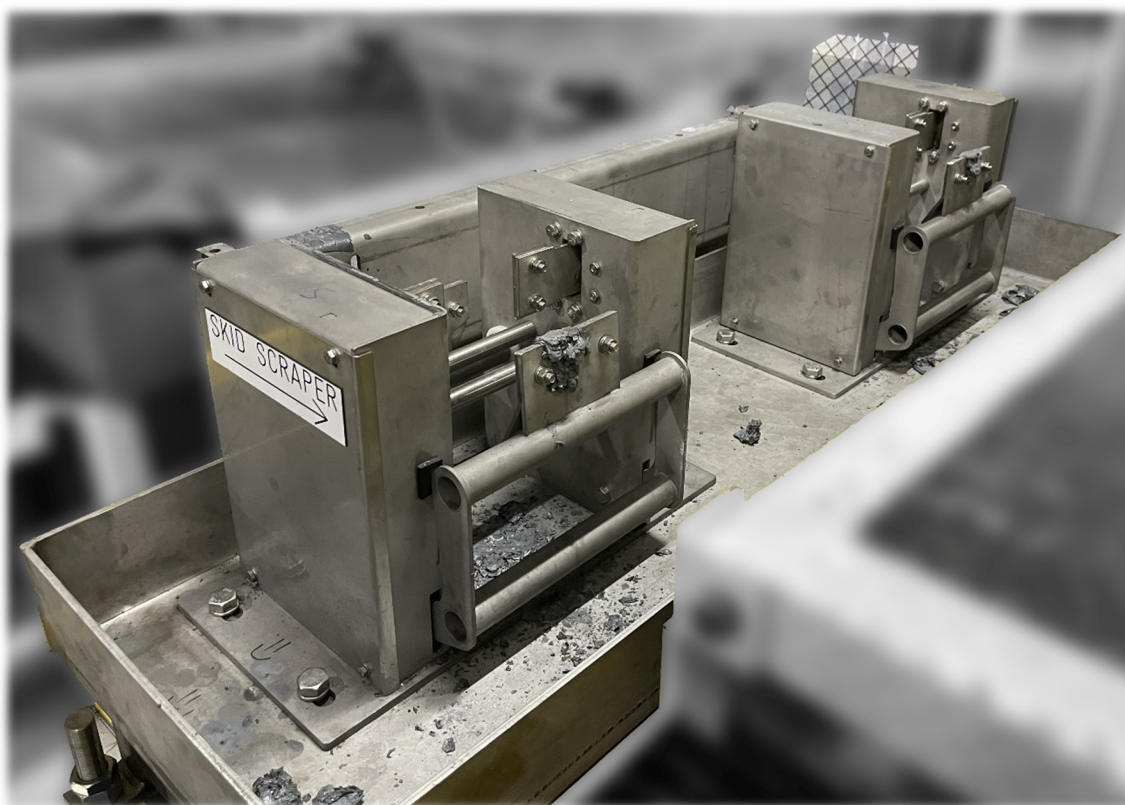
Penduls Preventive Maintenance Items



Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
1	Connecting and Pivot Points	Inspection	Inspect all connecting and pivot points for freedom of movement and wear.	3 Months
2	Sliding Block	Inspection	Check for wear. Ensure that hardware is secure. Replace if worn.	
3	Locking Devices	Inspection	Inspect locking devices for freedom of movement and function. Ensure that hardware is secure.	
4	Carrier	Inspection	Inspect carrier for warped condition and check details for accurate seating.	
5	Current Collector*	Inspection	- Check for proper connection. Tighten if necessary. - Check for excessive wear on pads. Replace as necessary.	

* - Current collectors are only installed in ELPO pendulum systems.

Skid Scraper Preventative Maintenance Items



Item No.	Item Name	Required Operation	Description	Interval
1	Scraper blades	Cleaning	- Inspect all contact points of the scraper and remove excess buildup. - Use a standard hammer to break up larger chunks, followed by a paint scraper or chisel to remove smaller bits. - Dispose of debris under the scrapers as needed.	1 Week



Lubrication Requirements - Gearmotor Oil Lubrication

Gearmotor oil can be determined by reading the attached data plates on each gearmotor. The examples below highlight the location to observe the required oil on the data plates. Do not mix oil grades when adding oil. Refer to the manufacturer's instruction manual for additional service requirements and technical data.

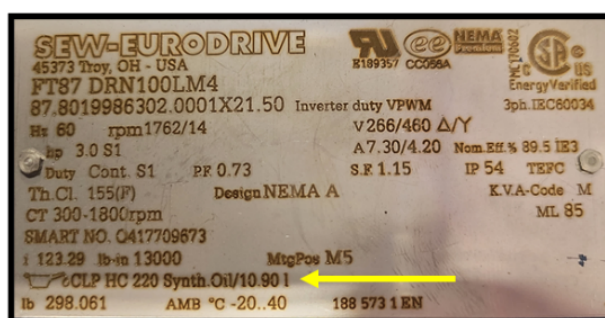
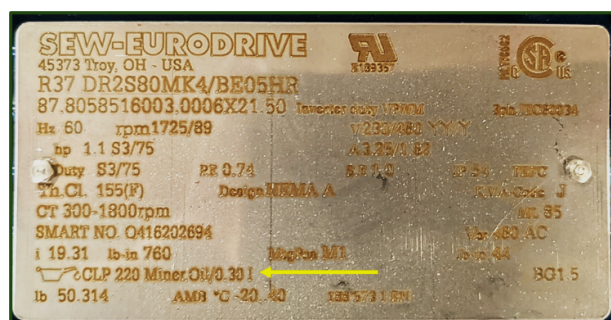
ⓘ NOTICE ⓘ

If you are doing a lubricant drain and refill, Gearmotor manufacturers typically recommend that you use the same brand of lubricant originally supplied. If you are refilling the gearbox with a non-compatible lubricant, FATA recommends that you first remove any residual with a petroleum solvent or a hot water wash.

⚠ CAUTION ⚠

Do not use trichloroethylene as a washing solvent.

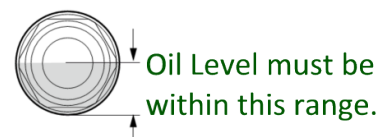
Data plates on the gearmotors identify the oil type and quantity that they use.



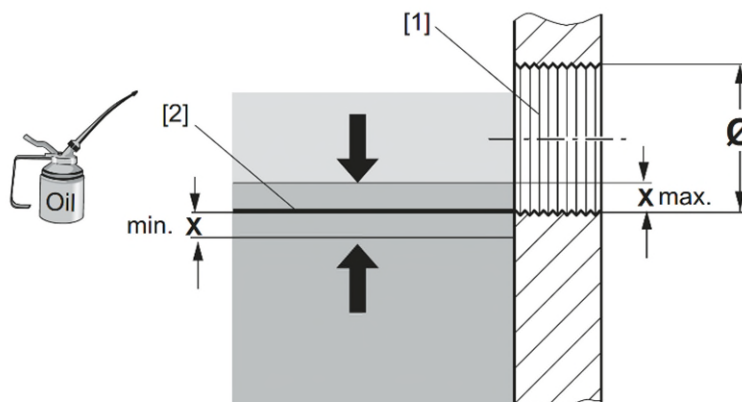
▲ Gearmotor Data Plate Examples

How to Check Oil Level of SEW Gearmotor

1. Locate the positions of the oil level plug and the breather valve.
2. If the gearmotor is equipped with an oil sight glass, you can determine the oil level according to the figure on the right.
3. If the gearmotor does not have a site glass, place a container underneath the oil level plug.
4. Slowly unscrew the oil level plug. Small amounts of oil may leak out as the permitted maximum oil level is higher than the lower edge of the oil level bore.
5. Check the oil level according to the following figure and the corresponding table.



SEW
EURODRIVE



[1] Oil Level Bore [2] Oil Level Setpoint [X] Min./Max. Oil Level

Ø Oil Level Bore	Approved fluctuation "x" of the oil level [mm]
M10 x 1	1.5
M12 x 1.5	2
M22 x 1.5	3
M33 x 2	4
M42 x 2	5

6. If the oil level is too low, proceed as follows:
 - a. Remove the breather valve from the breather bore.
 - b. Fill in fresh oil of the same type via the breather bore, up to the lower edge of the oil level bore.
 - c. Screw in the breather valve again. When doing this, please observe tightening torques.
7. Screw in the oil level plug again. When doing this, please observe tightening torques below for oil level plugs, oil drain plugs, breather valves, and oil sight glasses:

Thread	Tightening Torque (Nm)
M10 x 1	12
M12 x 1.5	15
M22 x 1.5	60
M33 x 2	100
M42 x 2	150

Checking the Oil Consistency of SEW Gearmotor via Oil Drain Plug

1. Locate the positions of the oil level plug and the breather valve.
2. Remove a little oil from the oil drain plug.
3. Check the oil consistency:
 - a. Viscosity (have this carried out by a suitable laboratory if necessary)
 - d. If you can see that the oil is heavily contaminated, it is advisable to change the oil, even if this is outside the specified service intervals.
 - b. Check the oil level according **How to Check Oil Level of SEW Gearmotor** on previous page.

Checking the Oil of SEW Gearmotor via Oil Drain Plug and Breather Valve

1. Locate the positions of the oil level plug and the breather valve.
2. Place a container underneath the oil drain plug.
3. Remove the oil level plug, the breather valve and the oil drain plug.
4. Drain all the oil.
5. Re-insert the oil drain plug. When doing this, please observe tightening torques.
6. Fill in fresh oil of the same type via the breather bore. Do not mix different synthetic lubricants.
 - a. Observe the oil quantities according to the specifications on the nameplate.
 - b. Check the oil level at the oil level plug.
7. Re-insert the oil level plug and the breather valve. When doing this, please observe tightening torques.

Lubrication Requirements - Grease

The table below lists the plant approved lubricants to use in conveyor components that need lubrication.

Plant Approved Lubrication Chart

Lubrication Name	Manufacturer	Conveyor Asset	Application Points
Molub-Alloy 860/220-1	<i>Castrol</i>	1-Strand Chain 2-Strand Chain 2-Strand Oven Chain 4-Post Lift PTED Inlet Table PTED Outlet Table PTED Drive Unit	Bearings Cardan Shafts Rollers
Molub-Alloy 860 / 220-2 or equivalent	<i>Castrol</i>	PTED Chain	Pendul Bushing Mount
Tribol 290/220	<i>Castrol</i>	1-Strand Chain 2-Strand Chain 2-Strand Oven Chain	Chain

Re-Lubrication Best Practices:

- Always clean the grease fitting of all dirt before attaching the grease gun. Failure to clean the grease fitting before applying grease could result in introducing contaminants into the component resulting in increased wear or clogging the grease fitting orifice so as not to allow the entry of grease. Inspect and replace any damaged fittings. It is helpful to use grease-fitting caps to keep them clean, but still wipe fittings clean before applying grease.
- Always make sure the dispensing nozzle of the grease gun is clean before using. Pump a small amount of grease out of the dispensing nozzle, then wipe the nozzle off with a clean rag or lint-free cloth before attaching it to the grease fitting.
- Do NOT over lubricate or apply excessive amounts of grease. This could lead to ruptured seals and excessive grease outside the fitting, which can attract contaminants and create additional unwanted conditions.
- Know that some greases are not compatible with each other. Ensure that the proper grease is used at every grease point. Applying the wrong grease can cause an incompatibility problem which can quickly cause failures.
- Once relubrication service is complete, clean off old grease and contaminants from the boot, grease/zerk fittings and surrounding components.